രുത്തു ത രുത്തത് പ്രത്യായി വ്യാഗ്രസ്ഥാ വളിവ്വറ്റിയെലുടെ Lugy/All Rights Reserved)

ලි ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේක් උ<mark>ර්යා විභාග පෙප්රර්ධාන කර</mark>ුවා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව දින්තන්තර uff.ගෑනේ නිකානක්සණය දින්තන්තර ප්රධාන සිත්තන්ත් ප්රධාන දී නිකානක්සණය දින්තන්තර uff. හැනි නිකානක්සණය Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of **නිමාත්තන් Ustrate and නිකානය සිත්තන්ව**න, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka දී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලක් සිත්තන්ත් සිත්තන්ව ලී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව දින්තන්තර uff. හැනි නිකාන්කයණය දින්තන්තර uff නින්ත කියන්තර සිත්තන්තර වර්ගන්තර කිනිස්කයණය විභාගන්තර uff. ගන්ත නිකානක්කයණය

අබනයන පොදු සහනික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) චිතාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

තාක්ෂණවේදය සඳහා විදනව I தொழினுட்பவியலுக்கான விஞ்ஞானம் I Science for Technology I



පැය දෙකයි இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம் Two hours

Instructions:

- * Answer all the questions.
- * Write your Index Number in the space provided in the answer sheet.
- * In each of the questions 1 to 50, pick one of the alternatives from (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) which is correct or most appropriate and mark your response on the answer sheet with a cross (x) in accordance with the instructions given at the back of the answer sheet.

 (Use of calculators is not allowed.)
- 1. Microorganisms are always
 - (1) organisms without cellular organization.
 - (2) organisms not observable by the naked eye.
 - (3) organisms without an organized nucleus.
 - (4) organisms successfully adapted to various environmental conditions.
 - (5) chemoautotrophs.
- 2. What is the respiratory group of acetic acid bacteria used to produce vinegar from coconut toddy?
 - (1) Aerobic

- (2) Facultative anaerobic
- (3) Obligate anaerobic
- (4) Micro aerophilic
- (5) Facultative aerobic
- 3. Recombinant DNA technology can be used to produce a transformed organism. The sequential steps from (A) to (E) of this process upto the production of recombinant DNA are given below.
 - (A) Extracting DNA from donor cells.
 - (B) Cutting extracted DNA into fragments.
 - (C) Separating DNA fragments by gel electrophoresis.
 - (D) Identifying DNA fragments containing required genes.
 - (E) Recombining DNA fragments with plasmid DNA.

The steps in which endonuclease and ligase enzymes used in the above process are

- (1) (A) and (C) only.
- (2) (B) and (D) only.
- (3) (B) and (E) only.
- (4) (C) and (E) only.
- (5) (D) and (E) only.
- 4. In a waste water treatment process, the aerobic microbial activity is used in the
 - (1) primary treatment tank.
- (2) secondary treatment tank.
- (3) sedimentation tank.
- (4) disinfectant treatment unit.

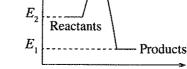
- (5) sludge digester.
- 5. The amount of heat generated is 604 kJ when 12 g of ethylene (C_2H_4) gas is combusted. The molar mass of C_2H_4 is 28 g mol⁻¹. The balanced equation for the C_2H_4 combustion is given below.

$$C_2H_4(g) + 3O_2(g) \longrightarrow 2CO_2(g) + 2H_2O(g)$$

The heat of reaction of C2H4 combustion is

- (1) -33 kJ
- (2) -604 kJ
- (3) -1208 kJ
- (4) -1409 kJ
- (5) -7200 kJ
- 6. The correct statement related to the rate determining step of a reaction is, it is
 - (1) the fastest step of a multi-step reaction.
 - (2) always the first step of a multi-step reaction.
 - (3) always the last step of a multi-step reaction.
 - (4) not affected by catalysts.
 - (5) the slowest step of a multi-step reaction.

- 7. Activation energy of the forward reaction shown in in the energy diagram is

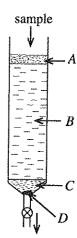


Energy

Progress of reaction

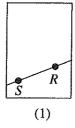
- 8. Synthetic polymers are always
 - (1) thermoplastic.

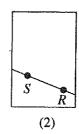
 - (3) made of monomers.
- (2) crystalline.
- (4) highly elastic.
- (5) consists of crosslinks.
- 9. Which production process is based on non-renewable raw materials?
 - (1) Production of fatty acid using plant oil
 - (2) Production of soap using plant oil
 - (3) Production of ethanol by fermentation of starch
 - (4) Extraction of eugenol by cloves
 - (5) Production of diesel by crude oil
- 10. A column made of a burette to separate components of a sample using column chromatography is shown in the figure. The correct order of the materials A, B, C and D which are used to pack the column is
 - (1) silica gel, sand, cotton wool, sand
 - (2) sand, cotton wool, silica gel, sand
 - (3) sand, silica gel, sand, cotton wool
 - (4) cotton wool, sand, silica gel, cotton wool
 - (5) sand, silica gel, cotton wool, sand

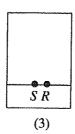


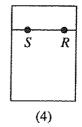
separated components of the sample

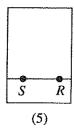
11. Which figure shows the correct way to spot a sample (S) and a reference sample (R) on the paper in paper chromatography used to identify the chemical components of a sample?











- 12. What is the document to be obtained for recognition and assurance of the rights of an inventor to receive benefits of an invention?
 - (1) SLS standard

(2) Patent

(3) ISO 14000

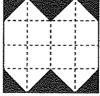
- (4) Government registration
- (5) ISO 9000
- 13. Which of the following groups contain only secondary metabolites?
 - (1) Protein, Carbohydrates, Phenols
- (2) Essential oil, Polyphenols, Quninone
- (3) Protein, Essential oil, Carbohydrates (4) Lactic acid, Protein, Polyphenols
- (5) Essential oil, Phenols, Carbohydrates
- 14. Vitamins required to control calcium absorption and blood clotting are respectively,
 - (1) A and C
- (2) B and C
- (3) B and D
- (4) D and C
- (5) D and K
- 15. The true statement regarding chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) is that it
 - (1) is a highly unstable gas.
 - (2) dissociates under ultraviolet radiation.
 - (3) is an industrial gas used for welding of metals.
 - (4) is not a greenhouse gas. \(\text{\text{\$D\$}} = \text{\text{\$D\$}}\)
 - (5) is a naturally produced gas of the earth.

- 16. Which one of the following statements is true about the ozone layer?
 - (1) It is a specific region in the upper atmosphere which consists of only ozone.
 - (2) Only infrared radiation is essential for its existence.
 - (3) Atomic oxygen is essential for the formation of ozone layer.
 - (4) Chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) molecules deplete the ozone layer by directly reacting with ozone.
 - (5) The ozone layer protects the earth from infrared radiation emitted from the sun,
- 17. The size range of nanoparticle in metres is
 - (1) 1 to 10

(3) 10^{-4} to 10^{-2}

(4) 10^{-9} to 10^{-7}

- (2) 10^{-1} to 10(5) 10^{-15} to 10^{-13}
- 18. For a new invention a mechanic removed shaded parts from a flat metal sheet of square shape with a side of 10 cm divided into 16 congruent squares by dotted lines as shown in the figure. The area of the removed metal sheet part is
 - (1) 20 cm²
 - (2) 25 cm²
 - (3) 40 cm²
 - (4) 50 cm²
 - (5) 75 cm²



- 19. A solid object is required to be made of four cubes of a side 1 cm by putting together any two cubes with two of their faces to coincide so that the surface area of the resulting solid is minimum. The surface area of the solid made this way is
 - (1) 10 cm²
- (2) 12 cm²
- (3) 14 cm²
- (4) 16 cm^2
- (5) 18 cm²
- 20. String lines are set out to excavate the foundation of a building with a foundation of a triangular shape with a side of 20 m. To check the accuracy of this setting the distance from a vertex of the triangle set out in string lines to the mid-point of the opposite side was measured. If this triangle set out in string lines is accurate, then the measured distance should be

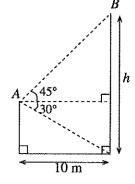


- (1) 5 m
- (2) 10 m
- (3) $10\sqrt{3}$ m

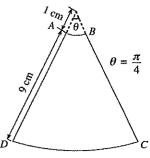
- (4) 20 m
- (5) $20\sqrt{3}$ m
- 21. When the top B of a tower of height h is observed from the top A of a tall building at 10 m distance from the tower as shown in the figure its angle of elevation is 45° and the angle of depression is 30° . Then the height h of the tower is



- (2) (40/3) m
- (3) $10\left(1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$ m (4) 20 m
- (5) 40 m



- 22. A funnel is made of ABCD angular sector cut from a metal sheet with dimensions as shown in the figure. The outer surface area of the body of the funnel is
 - (1) $\frac{99\pi}{16}$ cm² (2) $\frac{99\pi}{8}$ cm²
 - (3) $\frac{99\pi}{4}$ cm² (4) $\frac{99\pi}{2}$ cm²
 - (5) $\frac{100\pi}{8}$ cm²



- 23. Consider the following equations:
 - (A) $y = -\frac{1}{2}x$

(B) $y = \frac{1}{2}x$

(C) $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2015$

Out of the above, which equation/s could be perpendicular to the straight line y = 2x?

(1) (A) only.

(2) (B) only.

(3) (C) only.

(4) (A) and (B) only.

(5) (A) and (C) only.

AL	I./2015/67-E-I - 4 -	
24.	 4. Consider the positive integer distribution given below. 4, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 5, x, y If the mode of this distribution is 4, then the value of x + y is 	
	(1) 4 (2) 5 (3) 6 (4) 7 (5) 8	
25.	5. What could be the range of six numbers a, 6, 6.5, 7, 9, 2a listed in ascending order? (1) 2 (2) 2.5 (3) 5 (4) 7 (5) 8	
26.	6. The following frequency table shows the actual volumes of water contained in a randomly selected of 100 one litre bottles of water from a supermarket.	sample
	Volume of water (ml) Number of bottles	
	851 - 900 5 901 - 950 85 951 - 1000 5 1001 - 1050 5	
	The estimated mean volume of water in a bottle to the nearest millilitre is	
ASS	(1) 860 (2) 870 (3) 931 (4) 1000 (5) 1020	c a
Zii.	7. The points A and B have coordinates $(2, 2)$ and $(22, 58)$ respectively. What are the coordinates point C on AB that divides the line segment in the ratio $AC: CB = 1: 3?$ (1) $(12, 30)$ (2) $(7, 16)$ (3) $(17, 44)$ (4) $(30, 12)$ (5) $(16, 7)$	of the
28.	8. Which one of the following URLs has syntax errors? (1) http://www.google.com (2) http://190.165.21.110/login.php (3) http://190.165.21.110/index.html (4) http://190.165.21/index.html (5) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gFCWZLKc5Hv	
29.	9. Which one of the following is a web search engine? (1) Internet Explorer (2) Yahoo! (3) YouTube (4) Gmail (5) Twitter	
30.	 Which of the following is not a hardware device of a computer? (1) CPU (2) Keyboard (3) Operating S (4) Motherboard (5) Mouse 	ystem
31.	1. Consider the following computer devices. (A) Mouse (B) Printer (C) Keyboard (D) USB flash drive Which of the following statements is true regarding the above devices? (1) only (A) is an input device. (2) only (B) is an input/output device. (3) only (A) and (B) are input devices. (4) only (B) and (C) are output devices. (5) only (D) is an input/output device.	
32.	 Consider the following statements about operating systems (OSs) of computers. (A) A main function of an operating system is to protect the computer from viruses. (B) 'Internet Explorer' is an OS. (C) A software that executes on a particular OS can be copied and executed on any oth without any changes. (D) Multiple OSs can be installed on a single computer. The true statement/s is/are (1) (A) only. (2) (B) only. (3) (C) only. (4) (D) only. (5) (A) and (D) 	
33.	3. In the following email addresses, the address in an inaccurate form is (1) Sman_Vitanage@example.com (2) Sman.Vitanage@example.com (3) Sman@Vitanage@example.com (4) "Sman@Vitanage"@example.com	

34. In preparing a document by using a typical word processing software, the correct sequence of operations to follow in moving a paragraph in the document from one place to another is

(1) Cut, place the mouse pointer in the new place, Paste

(5) Sman#Vitanage@example.com

- (2) Copy, place the mouse pointer in the new place, Paste
- (3) Select, Copy, place the mouse pointer in the new place, Paste
- (4) Select, Cut, place the mouse pointer in the new place, Paste
- (5) Select, Copy, place the mouse pointer in the new place, Copy

- 35. The cell address A11 of a typical spread sheet contains the formula =\$A1/\$A\$10. If this formula is copied to the cell address B11, the formula in B11 cell would be
 - (1) = A1/A 10
- (2) = A1/B\$10
- (3) = B1/A\$10
- (4) = B1/B10
- (5) = B1/AS11
- 36. Consider the following statements about 'rulers' and 'guides' in a presentation software.
 - (A) Rulers and guides can be turned on or off as necessary.
 - (B) Rulers and guides appear on the slides when slides are printed.
 - (C) Rulers and guides help to place objects on the slides.
 - (D) Spacing between guide lines cannot be changed as required.

From the above, correct statements are

- (1) (A) and (B) only.
- (2) (A) and (C) only.
- (3) (B) and (C) only.

- (4) (B) and (D) only.
- (5) (C) and (D) only.
- 37. Consider a part of a spreadsheet and formulae from A to D given below.
 - (A) = Count (A1:A4)
 - (B) = Sum(A1:A4)
 - (C) = Sum (\$A\$1:\$A\$4)
 - (D) = Max (A1:A4)

	A
1	25
2	45
3	12
4	18

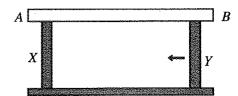
The formula/formulae that can be included to a cell to obtain the sum of the values in the range of cells from A1 to A4 is/are

(1) (A) only.

(2) (B) only.

(3) (A) and (B) only.

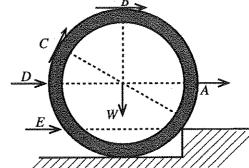
- (4) (B) and (C) only.
- (5) (C) and (D) only.
- 38. There is a zero error of a vernier calliper due to the gap created between rusted external jaws. To correct the measurement obtained from this apparatus
 - (1) the zero error should be added to the reading.
 - (2) the zero error should be subtracted from the reading.
 - (3) the least count of the apparatus should be added to the reading.
 - (4) the least count of the apparatus should be subtracted from the reading.
 - (5) the average should be calculated after obtaining several readings.
- 39. A uniform wooden beam AB is placed horizontally on two vertical supports X and Y as shown in the figure. While X is fixed, Y is moved towards X. The values of normal reactions R_{ν} and R_{ν} from X and Y supports respectively on the beam are



	R_{x}	$R_{\rm y}$
(1)	Decreases	Increases
2)	Increases	Decreases
3)	Decreases	Decreases
4)	Increases	Increases
(5)	No change	No change

- 40. A concrete cylinder with weight W needs to be rolled from a lower horizontal plane to a higher horizontal plane. The figure shows the ways to apply force from the places A, B, C, D and E on the cylinder. The position to accomplish this action by a force with a minimum magnitude is
 - (1) A
 - (2) B
 - (3) C

 - (4) D (5) E



- 41. The main reason to use water as a radiator coolant for a motor vehicle engine is
 - (1) high value of the heat conductivity of water.
 - (2) low value of the heat conductivity of water.
 - (3) high value of the specific heat capacity of water.
 - (4) low value of the specific heat capacity of water.
 - (5) high value of viscosity of water.

42.	What is the most suitable fuse for an electric fan used in a factory, which is rated as 230 V, 100 W? (1) 0.30 A (2) 0.75 A (3) 5.0 A (4) 13 A (5) 15 A
43.	As shown in the figure, two wires of aluminium (Al) and copper (Cu) with the same cross sectional area and length are connected to each other to let the current flow. The true statement regarding each wire is, (1) equal voltage drops across two wires but different currents flow through them. (2) equal voltage drops across two wires and equal currents flow through them. (3) different voltage drops across two wires but equal currents flow through them. (4) different voltage drops across two wires and different currents flow through them. (5) rate of heat dissipation of each wire is equal.
44.	The number of turns of the primary and secondary coils of a transformer is 500 and 125, respectively. When 240 V alternative voltage is supplied to the primary coil, the output voltage of the secondary coil is (1) 60 V (2) 80 V (3) 120 V (4) 320 V (5) 480 V
45.	The following data are given about a wire under tension within the proportional limit. Applied external force on the wire $= 100 \text{ N}$ Cross sectional area of the wire $= 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$ Extension of the wire $= 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ Unstretched length of the wire $= 2 \text{ m}$ According to the above data, the Young's modulus of the material made of the wire is
	(1) 10^3 N m^{-2} (2) 10^6 N m^{-2} (3) 10^8 N m^{-2} (4) 10^{11} N m^{-2} (5) 10^{14} N m^{-2}
46.	The weight of a glass stopper when measured using a spring balance in the air is 2.4 N. When it is fully immersed in water, the weight is 2 N. The density of water is 1000 kg m^{-3} and the acceleration of gravity is 10 m s^{-2} . The density of the glass stopper material in kg m ⁻³ is (1) 1200 (2) 2000 . (3) 4000 (4) 6000 (5) 8000
·	Consider the following statements on the mechanism of hydraulic brake system of a motor vehicle. (A) The brake activates due to the transmitted additional pressure by the force applied on the brake pedal exerted on the fluid in the main cylinder to the piston in the brake cylinder. (B) An increased pressure created due to the additional pressure applied on the fluid by the pedal is exerted on the piston in the brake cylinder. (C) A frictional torque exerts on the brake disc due to the additional pressure on the piston in the brake cylinder. Of the above statements
	(1) only (A) is true. (2) only (B) is true. (3) only (A) and (B) are true. (4) only (A) and (C) are true. (5) only (B) and (C) are true.
48.	The speed at which water flows through a uniform rubber tube with 1 cm internal diameter is 2 m s ⁻¹ . If a nozzle with 0.2 cm internal diameter is fixed at the end of the tube, the speed at which water is emitted from the nozzle is (1) 0.04 m s^{-1} (2) 2 m s^{-1} (3) 5 m s^{-1} (4) 10 m s^{-1} (5) 50 m s^{-1}
49.	A rotating disc which is fixed horizontally to rotate freely about a vertical axis through the center has a moment of inertia 200 kg m^2 . The angular acceleration of the disc due to the applied 2 N m torque, which is tangential to the rim of the rotating disc is (1) 0.01 rad s ⁻¹ (2) 0.01 rad s ⁻² (3) 0.05 rad s ⁻¹ (4) 10 rad s ⁻¹ (5) 10 rad s ⁻²
50.	Consider the statements given below about an object moving along a circular path with a uniform angular velocity. (A) The speed of the object at any point is constant. (B) The resultant acceleration acting on the object is zero. (C) A centripetal force is acting on the object while its magnitude is constant. Of the above statements (1) only (A) is true. (2) only (B) is true. (3) only (A) and (B) are true. (4) only (A) and (C) are true.
	(5) only (B) and (C) are true.

ซิสอู ซิ ซิซิลซิ สุเซิวิสิ /เบูเนูน์ บฐโนบุทิตบนุดน.พฐ/All Rights Reserved]

ම් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේ<mark>නුවල්ගියා තුරුනු පෙරාන්තුමක්රුනා</mark> විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශුණයගයට අති ගැනි නියාතන්යයාග ශුණයගන්ට අති කියාන්තන්ව අති ප්රවාන්තුමක් අති නියාතන්ව අති ලේකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of **ඔබාම්බෙන්ට** Sr**i Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka** ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්ත්ව සියාන්තන්ව සියාන්තමේ දී ලංකා විභාග පදහර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සියාන්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සියාන්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විභාග ප්රවේඛනවට අති මිභාගය සියාන්තමේන්තුව සියාන්තම්න්තමේන්තුව සියාන්තමේන්තුව සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තම්න්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සියාන්තම්න්ත් සියාන්තමේන්ත් සිය

අධ්නයන පොදු සහනික පනු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

II

II

තාක්ෂණවේදය සඳහා විදාාව தொழினுட்பவியலுக்கான விஞ்ஞானம் Science for Technology



පැය තුනයි மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் Three hours

Index	No.	:	
	2,00	•	 •

Important:

- * This question paper consists of 12 pages.
- * This question paper comprises of Parts A, B, C and D. The time allotted for all parts is three hours.

(Use of calculators is not allowed.)

Part A - Structured Essay (08 pages)

- * Answer all the questions on this paper itself.
- * Write your answers in the space provided for each question. Note that the space provided is sufficient for your answers and that extensive answers are not expected.

Parts B, C and D - Essay (04 pages)

- * Select minimum of one question from each of the parts B, C and D and answer four questions only. Use the papers supplied for this purpose. At the end of the time allotted for this paper, tie all parts together so that Part A is on the top of Parts B, C and D before handing over to the supervisor.
- * You are permitted to remove only Parts B, C and D of the question paper from the examination hall.

For Examiners' Use Only

Part	Q. No.	Marks
	1	
	2	
A	3	
	4	
В	. 5	
	6	
C	7	
	8	
D	9	
	10	
Total		
Percentage		PAPER

Pin	nal	Ma	rks

In	Numbers	
In	Words	

Code Numbers

Marking Examiner 1	
Marking Examiner 2	
Checked by	
Supervised by	

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PART A - Structured Essay

Answer all questions on this paper itself.

Do not write in this column

1.	(a)		or differences between fungi and bacte	
		(1)	>*************************************	· ************************************
		(2)		
	(hown below is the typical structure of the parts labelled from P to T .	a yeast cell which is used to produce
		P		Golgi bodies
		Q		Endoplasmic reticulum
		T		Vacuole
		P	······································	
		Q		
		R	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	:
		S		
		T	***************************************	
	(ii		which use microoganisms are indicated am for each industry from table B and	
		_	Table A	Table B
		Industry	Example	Microorganisms
		1. Bakery		Acetobacter spp.
		2. Amino acid production		Saccharomyces cerevisiae
		3. Yogurt		Corynebacterium glutamicum
		4. Vinegar		Streptococcus thermophilus

(iv) Write two optimal conditions required for the efficient production of compost.

(1)

(2)

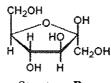
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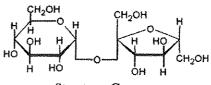
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(b) Structures A, B and C of some carbohydrates are given below.

CH₂OH H OH H OH H OH Structure A





Structure B Structure C

(i) Complete the table given below based on the structures A, B and C.

Structure	Name of the carbohydrate	Type of the carbohydrate
A		
В		
С		

(ii) From the structures A, B and C given above, what is the main carbohydrate found in cane sugar?

(iii) Complete the following table based on the observations of an experiment performed using glucose and Benedict solutions.

Solution mixture	Colour
Benedict solution + glucose solution	
(After heating)	***************************************

(iv) Plant cell wall mainly consists of a polymer made of simple sugar molecules. What is this polymer?

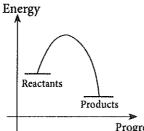
(v) Write the main types of polysaccharides used to store energy in living organisms in the table given below.

Plants	
<u> </u>	*****************************
Animals	

(vi) What is the group of biomolecules formed in the amino acid polymerization?

(vii) Name a reagent that can be used in the school laboratory to identify the group of biomolecules mentioned in part (b)(vi)?

(viii) An enzyme is a biomolecule that is having a catalytic power. The energy diagram of energy versus the progression of reaction is given for an industrial production process, which is performed using a typical enzyme. Draw the energy curve in the absence of an enzyme, on the same diagram given below.



Progress of the reaction

(ix) State two factors that can change the activity of the above enzyme.

(1)

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Q.1

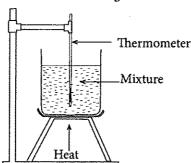
2.	In a new method proposed to develop candles, a mixture of paraffin wax and plant-based saturated	-
	triglycerides is heated to obtain a liquid mixture. Cooled liquid wax is mixed with essential oils	
	in order to produce candles with various fragrances.	ĺ

Do not write in this column

- (a) (i) Which type of a system can a burning candle be classified into based on its energy and matter exchange?
 - (ii) Mention two molecular level differences between solid wax and liquid wax.
 - (1)

.....

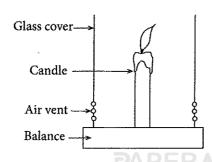
- (2)
- (b) An experimental setup used to study the changes in physical properties of prepared mixtures according to the new method is given below with the experimental results.



Percentages of wax and triglyceride in the mixture	Minimum temperature of the mixture becomes fully liquid
Pure wax	65 °C
50% wax and 50% saturated triglyceride	63 °C
30% wax and 70% saturated triglyceride	57 °C

(i) Which physical property of the wax mixture can be studied using the above experiment?

- (ii) With the addition of saturated triglyceride what change can be observed in the studied physical property?
- (iii) The chemical formula of a main hydrocarbon (alkane) found in wax is $C_{24}H_{50}$. What are the products made in the complete combustion of the hydrocarbon?
- (iv) Write down the balanced chemical equation for the complete combustion of the above hydrocarbon.
- (v) Mention two main factors that must be satisfied for a reaction between a hydrocarbon in the gaseous state and O₂ molecules.
 - (1)
 - (2)
- (c) An experimental setup to determine the combustion rate of a candle made using the new method and its readings are shown below.



Time/min	Mass of the candle/g
0	10.5
2	9.8
4	9.1
8	8.5
10	7.7
12	7.0

((i) Indicating the relevant steps, calculate the average combustion rate of the candle in g/min within the first 8 minutes.	Do not write in this column
(i	i) Mention one possible error that can occur in the above combustion rate determining experiment.	
(ii	 Mention one economical advantage of this saturated triglyceride based candle manufacturing process. Assume that the specific heat capacity of wax does not change due to triglyceride. 	Q.2
(is	v) In this proposed method 50% to 70% of saturated triglycerides can be mixed with wax.	Q. <u>z</u>
(*)	Mention one environmental benefit of this new method.	
		100
3. A cylin	drical hole with the diameter of about 9 mm is made in a metallic cube with a side of about	
_	s shown in the below figure. It is required to find the density of the metal type that the object	
was me		
Require	d measurements can be taken by selecting suitable measuring equipment given below.	
•	beam balance, vernier calliper, travelling microscope, micrometer screw gauge and meter ruler.	
	e following measurements have to be taken to find the volume of the object. ite down the necessary equipment from the above list.	
	le of the cube (l):	
	ameter of the hole (d):	
	pth of the hole (h):	
	mplete the table given below in terms of l , d and h .	
(=)		
	Section required to find the volume Expression for the volume Cube before the hole was made	
	The hole made in the cube	
	Cube after the hole was made AASTERLK	

(c)	If the depth of the hole is measured as	4.3 mm, calculate the percentage error of the meas	urement.	Do not write in this
				column
(d)	What is the other measurement (x) required in addition to the measurements obtained in above part (a) to calculate the density of the cube material?			
(e)		ity of the object's material (ρ) in terms of the vol		
(f)	What are the two measurements shoul of the object using only a measuring of		volume	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
(g)		of the solid object can be found more accurately		
	(i) Do you agree with this statement	?		
	(ii) Give reasons for the answer in p	art (g)(i).		

	First, the solid object is weighed in at The weight of the object obtained whe Write down expressions for the given	er student to find the density of the material of the ir using a spring balance and the weight obtained on it is completely immersed in water is W_2 . physical quantities in the table using only the voition g , the density of the material ρ_m and the density	i is W_1 .	
	water ρ_w .	J. T. M.		
	Physical quantity	Expression		
	The weight of the object, W_1			
	The upthrust in water, U			Q.3
	Relative density of the material of the object		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	
				100
	•			
			TT-TT-TT-TANKA	

Inside	e the	generator (boiler) used to produce steam is shown in the figure. boiler, tube A is immersed in water and tube B is kept above level.	Thermometer B C
(a)	(i)	What is the requirement to have tube A as a safety precaution?	
	(ii)	What is the reason to keep tube B above the water level?	
((iii)	When heat is supplied continuously to the steam generator, the reading of the thermometer gradually rises and eventually becomes constant. Briefly explain the reason for this.	
		some amount of steam from the steam generator is adde meter, the temperature of water rises gradually and reaches a	
		In addition to the specific heat capacity of water, two oth experimentally to find the amount of heat received by water.	
		(1)	
		(2)	
	(ii)	What are the four measurements required to find the two values	
	()	(1)	
		(2)	
		(3)	
		(4)	
(Water in the calorimeter receives heat from the steam at 100 ° these two steps.	
		(1)	
		(2)	
(Write down the two measurements required to calculate the main the calorimeter.	
		(1)	
		(2)	
		If the specific latent heat of vaporization, specific heat capacity of the steam are given, what is the other measurement required heat received by water in the calorimeter from the steam?	water, mass and temperature

[see page eight

(1)		C
(1)	Write down the relationship between the heat received from water and the calorimeter, and the heat emitted from the steam as an equation. Assume that the heat loss to the environment is negligible.	
(ii)	To obtain accurate experimental results, only dry steam without condensed water droplets should be added to water in the calorimeter. A steam trap is used for this. Sketch a suitable diagram for a steam trap.	
(iii)	Mention the error that can occur if the steam generator and the calorimeter are kept very close.	
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ම් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්ගමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්ගමේන්තුවල් යුදුම්වල් සුදුම්වල් මේ දෙපාර්ගමේන්තුව ඉතිනානයට අතී.ගෞද් ඉතිනානයට අතී.ගෞද් ප්රාදේශී දින්නේ අතීම්වල් වෙන්නේ අතී. අතී.ගෞද්ය සහ දේශීන්නේ අතී. අතී.ගෞද්ය සහ විභාග දෙපාර්ගමේන්තුව Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations St. Lanka Department of Examinations Sri Lank

අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

තාක්ෂණවේදය සඳහා විදාහාව II உயிரமுறைமைகள் தொழினுட்பவியல் II Science for Technology II



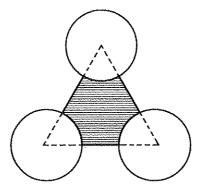
Essay

- * Select minimum of one question each from parts B, C and D and answer four questions only.
- * Give clearly labelled diagrams where necessary.

(Each question carries 15 marks.)

Part B - Essay

- 5. The final marks of 20 students in a mathematics examination are given below.
 - 40, 35, 60, 30, 45, 50, 65, 25, 20, 80, 80, 20, 25, 70, 75, 15, 30, 20, 55, 55
 - (a) Calculate the first quartile, the second quartile and the third quartile.
 - (b) Calculate the inter quartile range.
 - (c) If final marks are $x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_{20}$ then $\sum_{i=1}^{20} (x_1 45) = -5$. Hence calculate the mean of the final marks.
 - (d) As the mean of the final marks is low, examiners decide to standardize them. With justification calculate the mean of standardized marks in the following standardization methods using the mean found in part (c).
 - (i) Adding 5 marks to each final mark
 - (ii) Increasing each final mark by 10%
 - (e) Show that the inter quartile range found in above part (b) does not change in part (d)(i), but it changes in part (d)(ii).
- 6. (a) Show that the volumes of a closed spherical tank of radius 3 m and a closed right circular cylinder of radius 3 m and height 4 m are equal.
 - (b) The expected production cost of spherical tank and right circular cylindrical tank per square metre are Rs 20 000/= and Rs 15 000/= respectively. Show that it is cheaper to build the cylindrical tank by calculating the production cost of each of these two tanks.
 - (c) Three right circular cylindrical tanks of radius 3 m and height 4 m are to be placed on a flat land with the centres of the circular bottom of the tanks at the vertices of an equilateral triangular area of side 7 m as shown in the figure.



(i) Calculate the area of this triangle.

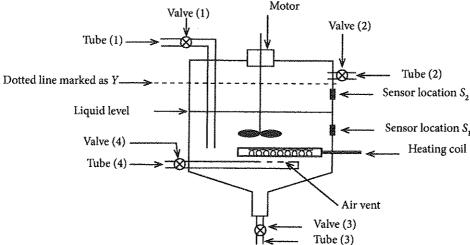
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(ii) The area of this triangle not covered by the cylindrical tanks has to be calculated. This is shown by the shaded area in the above figure. Calculate this area.

Part C - Essay

- 7. (a) Global warming is a major environmental problem that is currently faced.
 - (i) Briefly explain the greenhouse effect.
 - (ii) In addition to water vapour, name four major greenhouse gases in the earth atmosphere.
 - (iii) State one human activity for each greenhouse gas that you have mentioned in question (ii) which is released to the atmosphere.
 - (iv) Explain briefly how greenhouse gases contribute to the global warming.
 - (v) State five adverse effects that are considered to be happening due to the global warming.
 - (b) Water pollution is taking place at an alarming rate due to human and industrial activities.
 - (i) State five major water polluting agents.
 - (ii) Briefly explain what is Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD).
 - (iii) Briefly explain how secondary water treatment reduces BOD.
 - (iv) Briefly explain what is water disinfection.
 - (v) Name three methods that can be used for water disinfection.
- 8. (a) Organic compound A is dissolved in viscous organic solvent E. Gas B does not react with the organic solvent E while gas B reacts with compound A as given below.

This reaction is performed industrially at an optimum temperature of 70 °C and the pressure of 1.2 atm. Under these conditions **A**, **D** and **E** are at liquid state. The reaction chamber designed for this industrial process is shown below.

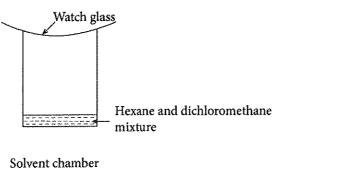


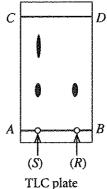
In the above setup, a tube connected to reaction chamber can be used to transport only one medium. Temperature and pressure sensors are required to be fixed to the reaction chamber.

- (i) List the suitable tubes that can be used to transport gas **B**. Out of the tubes listed, what is the most appropriate tube? Give a reason for your selection.
- (ii) What are the two substances that can be transported using the tube number (2)?
- (iii) Out of the two sensor locations S_1 and S_2 , select the most suitable location to fix a thermometer to measure the temperature of the reaction medium. State the reason briefly.
- (iv) It is **not** recommended to perform the reaction when the organic medium is filled up to the dotted line marked as Y. Give **one** main reason.

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(b) Caffeine is a secondary metabolite. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) can be used in the laboratory to determine the purity of a caffeine sample extracted from tea leaves by a new method. The solvent chamber used for the TLC experiment and the developed TLC plate after the experiment are shown in figures given below. The spotted caffeine sample (S) and the control sample (R) on the TLC plate at the beginning of the experiment are shown.

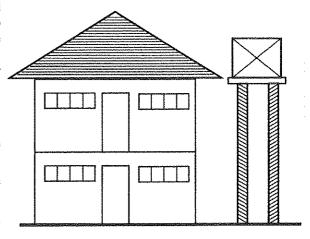




- (i) What are the main materials used for mobile and stationery phases in this TLC experiment?
- (ii) Briefly explain why it is necessary to keep the solvent chamber closed after adding the solvent mixture prior to placing the TLC plate.
- (iii) State two factors that must be considered when drawing the baseline (AB line) in TLC.
- (iv) What must be used to spot the sample on the TLC plate?
- (v) What can you say about the purity of extracted caffeine sample based on the TLC experimental results?
- (vi) State basic steps to be followed in recrystallizing impure natural product extract.
- (vii) Explain why some secondary metabolites are required to be synthesized chemically although they can be extracted from natural sources.

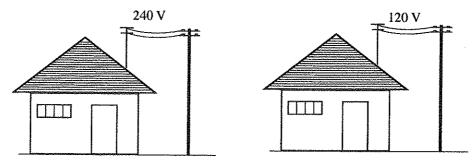
Part D - Essay

- 9. For a water supply of a house, a tank of mass 50 kg and capacity 2 m³ is used. The tank is kept on a concrete slab of mass 1 750 kg which is placed on four uniform concrete columns of height 10 m, mass 1 500 kg and cross sectional area 25 cm × 25 cm each as shown in the figure. Consider the density of water is 1 000 kg m⁻³.
 - (a) When the tank is filled completely with water,
 - (i) find the mass of water in the tank.
 - (ii) what is the net force acting on four concrete columns?
 - (iii) what is the pressure on the ground due to one column?
 - (iv) suggest a method to reduce the pressure on the ground due to a column.



- (b) Water is supplied to the tank by an electric water pump from a well of depth 30 m. The pump is fixed at ground level and it pumps water to the tank at a height of 10 m at a rate of 60 litres per minute. Water is released from the tube at a speed of 2 m s⁻¹.
 - (i) Find the mass of water lifted per second.
 - (ii) Calculate the potential energy acquired by the water released from the end of the tube per second by taking the bottom of the well as the zero potential level.
 - (iii) Calculate the kinetic energy of the water released from the end of the tube per second.
 - (iv) Find the output power and the efficiency of the electric water pump under the given conditions, when the pump consumes electrical energy at a rate of 1000 W.

- 10. (a) (i) A potential difference V is supplied across an electrical equipment and a current I flows through it. Write down an expression for the rate of energy dissipation of the equipment.
 - (ii) A current I flows through a resistor R. Write down an expression for the rate of heat dissipation P across the resistor R.
 - (b) The voltages of national electric supply of two countries are 240 V and 120 V.
 - (i) Two electric kettles rated 240 V, 1 kW and 120 V, 1 kW are connected to 240 V and 120 V supply voltages, respectively. Find the current flowing through each kettle.
 - (ii) If conducting wires with same resistance are used to connect the kettles to the main supply, explain which circuit generates more heat.
 - (iii) Suggest a method to reduce energy loss of the circuit mentioned in above part (b)(ii). Consider that the supply voltage cannot be changed.
 - (c) Two houses situated at a distance of 1 km from two electricity distributing centers of 120 V and 240 V voltages are shown below. Copper (Cu) and aluminium (Al) wires of cross sectional area 8×10^{-6} m² can be used for the transmission of electricity. The resistivity of copper is $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega$ m and its density is 8900 kg m⁻³, and these values for aluminium are $2.5 \times 10^{-8} \Omega$ m and 2800 kg m⁻³ respectively.



- (i) Using the given data, calculate the resistance and the mass of copper and aluminium wires used.
- (ii) State an advantage and a disadvantage of using each type of wire.
- (iii) The following table shows the power of electrical equipment, number of equipment use and the number of hours use daily in a house. If the cost for one unit of electric power (1 kW h) is Rs. 20/= calculate the electricity bill for a month of 30 days.

Electric equipment	Power of each equipment (W)	Number of equipment use	Number of hours use daily (h)
Bulb	11	8	5
Fan	50	5	12
Refrigerator	70	1	24
Kettle	1500	1	1
Iron	750	1	1/2